

KEY SECTIONS

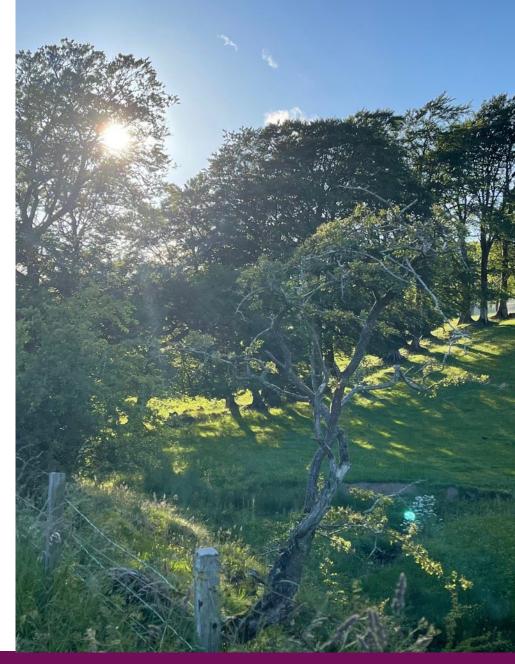
- 1. The perceived role and value of Scottish tourism (slides 8 to 19)
- 2. Perceptions of the local area as a tourist destination (slides 20 to 23)
- 3. Perceptions of volume of tourists before the pandemic versus 2021 (slides 24 to 26)
- 4. Positives and negatives of tourism(slides 27 to 50)
- 5. The role of VisitScotland (slides 51 to 53)

BACKGROUND

- There has been no other time over recent decades when there has been so much disruption to our everyday lives than has been seen during the Coronavirus pandemic. In 2020, when tourism began to re-open in mid-July, the Scots home holiday market was key. International tourism and indeed visits from other parts of the UK were extremely limited, hence the industry maximised its efforts to appeal to the Scots resident market
- On 23rd February 2021, the First Minister of Scotland outlined a roadmap for recovery from lockdown in March and April 2021. The emergence of new strains of the virus has left the situation uncertain and highly responsive to legislative changes, however initial restrictions for the tourism industry began to be lifted from 26 April 2021 allowing people to engage in activities and the tourism industry in Scotland to re-open for business
- As these restrictions began to be reduced in 2021, 56 Degree Insight were commissioned by VisitScotland to survey Scotland's residents and to explore attitudes to various aspects of tourism in Scotland

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

- The study focuses on an online survey which is based on a representative sample of Scotland residents. The analysis provides a representative viewpoint of the Scottish adult population
- A quota sampling approach was followed with targets to ensure representative coverage of the Scottish population aged 18+ on the basis of sex, age, socio-economic grade and region
- To enable measurement of opinion among sub-segments, a sample size of 1,000 respondents was agreed to obtain robust national data (+/- 3.1%) and a greater ability to undertake subanalysis
- The fieldwork for this wave was undertaken between 27th October and 4th November 2021
- Respondents were recruited from Yonder Data Solutions' consumer panel, and 1,000 respondents completed the questionnaire





INTERPRETATION NOTES

- The questionnaire order is not reflected in the ordering of this report.
- Respondents did not initially know the subject matter was tourism to ensure an objective view on the scale and importance of different industrial sectors could be obtained.
- The questionnaire then took the respondent through the role of tourism in Scotland at a national, general level, to an understanding of the role of tourism in their own local authority area

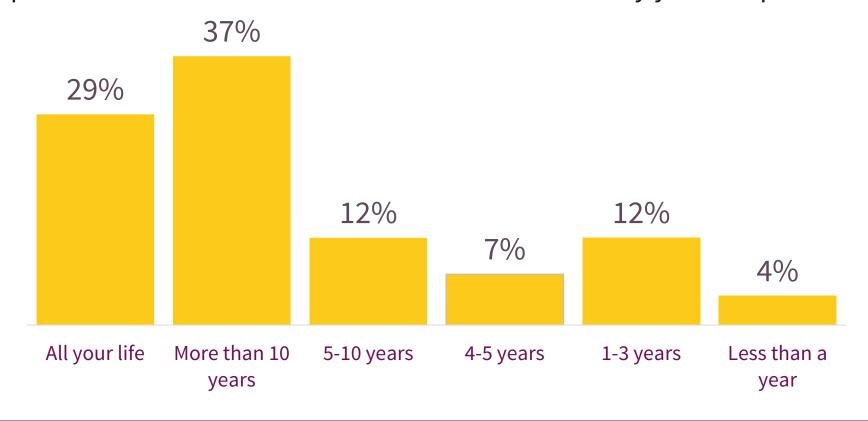
SAMPLE: WHO WE SPOKE TO



- There was a broad spread of **ages** with three in ten aged under 35 (29%), just under a third aged 35-54 (32%) and four in ten aged 55+ (39%)
- Almost four in ten respondents (38%) are empty nesters (55+, no children) whilst just under a quarter (23%) are families (dependent children in the household). 20% are Young Independents (18-35, no kids) whilst 19% are Older Independents (35-54, no kids)
- The sample is geographically representative of the Scottish adult population. Just under half live in the west (45%) with the City of Glasgow (14%), and Lanarkshire (13%) accounting for the largest proportions. The east accounts for 35% (10% living in the City of Edinburgh) whilst the north represents 15% of the sample. The remaining 5% live in the south of Scotland
- Just under three quarters of the sample live in urban locations (74%)
- Seven in ten have no health conditions/ impairments (70%). 18% identify that they have a long-term illness, 10% mobility impairments and 5% partial hearing loss

TWO THIRDS HAVE STAYED IN THE AREAS WHERE THEY CURRENTLY LIVE FOR A LONG TIME

Just under three in ten have stayed where they currently live all of their life (29%) while 37% have stayed there for more than 10 years. Consequently, the vast majority of respondents' opinions about their communities are based on many years' experience.





TOURISM IS RECOGNISED AS THE MOST IMPORTANT INDUSTRY TO THE SCOTTISH ECONOMY AMONGST SCOTLAND'S RESIDENTS

Respondents were presented with a list of 15 industries/sectors and asked to rate the level of importance in terms of broad value to the economy.

Nine in ten (87%) of Scotland's residents rated Tourism as 7-10 out of 10 in terms of importance to the economy, higher than any other industry.

Energy, Agriculture and Oil and Gas each received a top 4 box rating among 82%, whilst 'Other hospitality' was rated at this level by 81%.

Tourism was also rated as the most important Scottish industry in terms of the proportions scoring 10 out of 10 (34%), though Whisky was not far behind at 30%.

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87%	Tourism
82%	Energy (electricity and gas)
82%	Agriculture
82%	Oil and gas
81%	Other hospitality and leisure
79%	Whisky
73%	Public sector
72%	Retail
71%	Fishing
69%	Financial services
69%	Construction
68%	Public transport (including
68%	Manufacturing
58%	Electronics
53%	Textiles

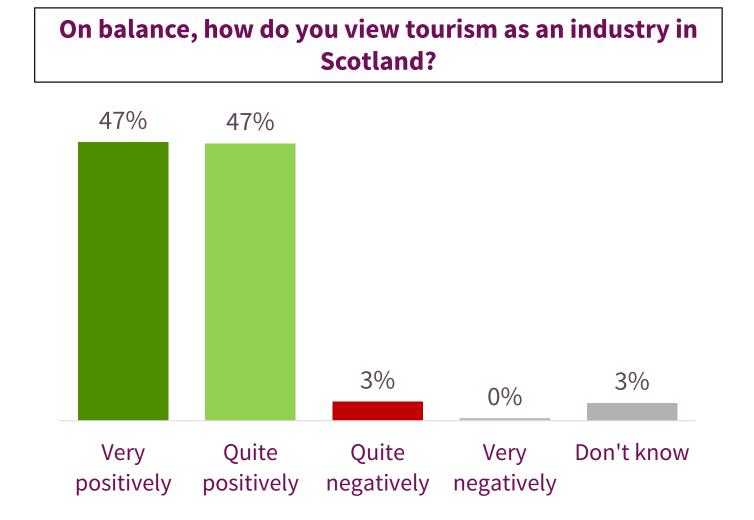
Top 4 Box

THE TOURISM INDUSTRY IS VIEWED POSITIVELY IN SCOTLAND BY SCOTTISH RESIDENTS

47% are *very positive* about the tourism industry and 47% are *quite positive*. Only 3% are negative

Regular Scots holiday takers and those who live in year-round tourism communities are most likely to be very positive (55% and 53%).

There is slightly higher negativity amongst rejectors of Scots holidays (10%).



SCOTLAND'S RESIDENTS WERE ABLE TO CITE A LARGE NUMBER OF POSITIVES ABOUT TOURISM IN SCOTLAND THE TOP 10 THEMES EMERGING FROM 1,000 VERBATIMS

Economic benefits (55% of comments)

Showcases the beauty of Scotland (18%)

Employment opportunities (15%)

Brings in visitors from outside Scotland (12%)

Benefits local communities (8%)

Showcases Scotland's top locations & attractions (8%)

It benefits our hospitality industry (7%)

It showcases
Scotland's qualities
(6%)

It showcase Scotland's history (6%)

It enhances Scotland's reputation and influence internationally (5%)

A RANGE OF NEGATIVES ABOUT TOURISM IN SCOTLAND WERE GIVEN THOUGH 17% WERE UNABLE TO PROVIDE ANY AT ALL. THE TOP 10 THEMES WHICH EMERGED FROM 1,000 VERBATIMS

Overcrowding, too many people (20% of comments)

Increased litter (12%)

Negative carbon footprint / impact on climate change (10%)

Increased traffic and congestion (9%)

Local services & infrastructure can't cope with influx of visitors (6%)

Damage to the natural environment (6%)

Increased risk of import of COVID-19 (6%)

Reduction in affordable housing because of 2nd homes, Airbnb etc. (5%)

Visitors disrespectful / don't behave responsibly (5%)

Disruption to local residents whose needs are ignored (4%)

THE ROLE OF TOURISM

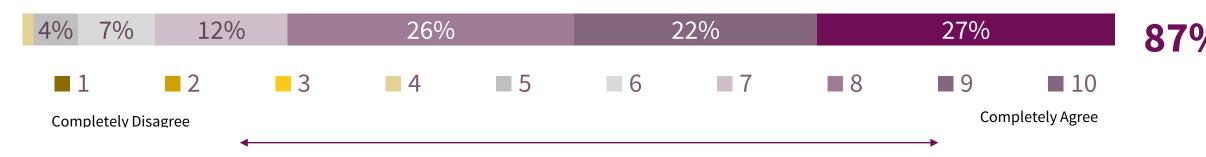
Respondents were presented with 6 statements and asked for their level of agreement or disagreement with each on a scale of 1 to 10. The table below shows 'Top 4 Box' agreement with each statement. Almost 9 in 10 see the benefits of tourism in developing Scotland's reputation overseas (87%), one of the real benefits of tourism in the eyes of the population.

Tourism in Scotland helps us to develop a positive reputation overseas	87%
Tourism adds to the vitality of Scotland's communities	77%
Tourism helps to protect and conserve Scotland's built heritage	74%
Tourism connects local communities to other cultures	71%
Tourism drives transport infrastructure development around Scotland e.g. train, ferry and bus routes	70%
Tourism protects and enhances the natural environment	44%

9 IN 10 AGREE THAT SCOTLAND'S OVERSEAS REPUTATION IS ENHANCED BY TOURISM

"Tourism in Scotland helps us to develop a positive reputation overseas"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

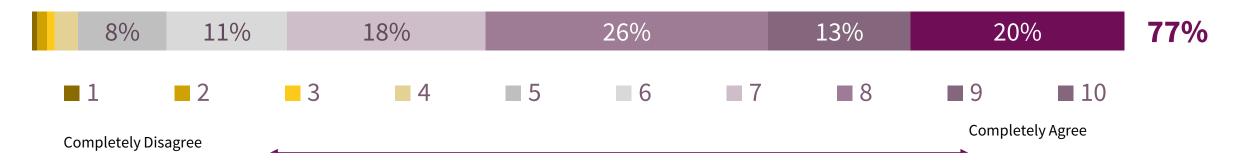
- Older Independents (89%)
 - Empty Nesters (88%)

- Live in area popular with tourists for specific events (92%)
 - Live in an all year round tourism destination (89%)

OVER THREE QUARTERS AGREE THAT TOURISM ADDS TO THE VITALITY OF SCOTLAND'S COMMUNITIES

"Tourism adds to the vitality of Scotland's communities"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box - Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Families (81%)
- Empty Nesters (79%)

Type of Location:

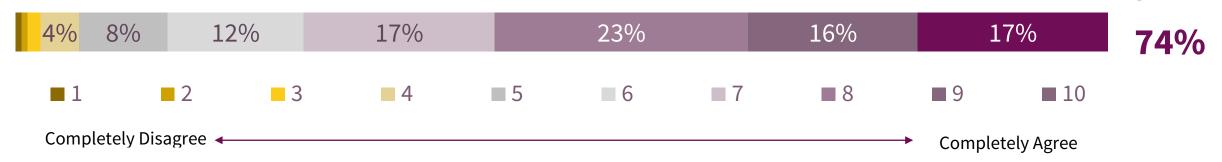
• Live in area popular with tourists for specific events (80%)



THREE QUARTERS AGREE THAT TOURISM HELPS PROTECT AND CONSERVE THE COUNTRY'S BUILT HERITAGE

"Tourism helps to protect and conserve Scotland's built heritage"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

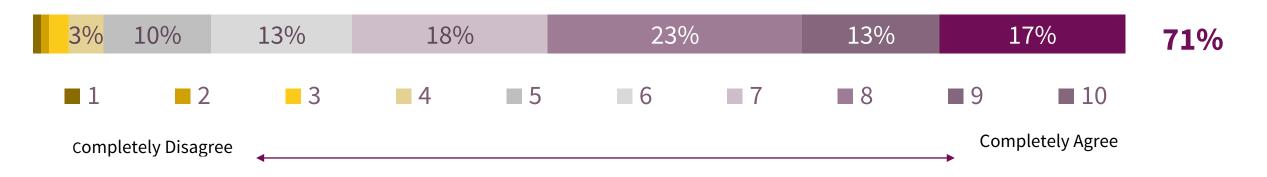
- Families (79%)
- Empty Nesters (76%)

- Live in area popular with tourists for specific events (81%)
 - Live in an all year round tourism destination (75%)

THE OPPORTUNITIES AFFORDED BY TOURISM TO CONNECT COMMUNITIES TO OTHER CULTURES IS RECOGNISED BY 7 IN 10

"Tourism connects local communities to other cultures"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

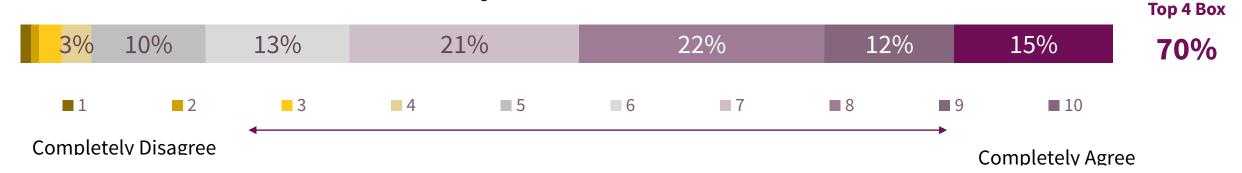
• Families (76%)

- Live in area popular with tourists for specific events (76%)
 - Live in an all year round tourism destination (73%)



SEVEN IN TEN RECOGNISED THE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURAL BENEFITS OF TOURISM

"Tourism drives transport infrastructure development around Scotland e.g. train, ferry and bus routes"



Top 4 Box – Highest levels of Agreement:



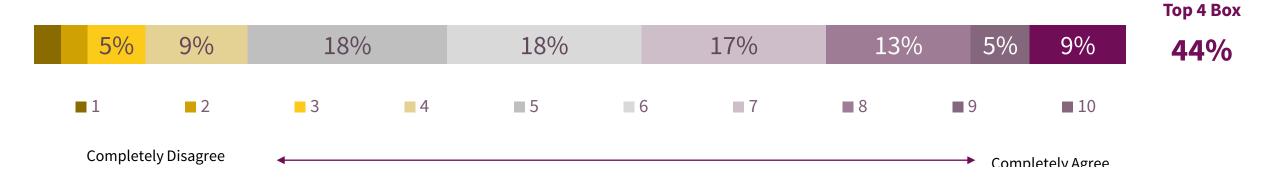
Life stage:

- Families (76%)
- Young Independents (71%)

- Live in area popular with tourists for specific events (72%)
 - Live in a seasonal tourism destination (71%)

THERE WAS MORE DISAGREEMENT THAN AGREEMENT THAT TOURISM PROTECTS AND ENHANCES THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

"Tourism protects and enhances the natural environment"



Top 4 Box – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Families (51%)
- Empty Nesters (47%)

- Live in area popular with tourists for specific events (51%)
 - Live in a seasonal tourism destination (47%)
 - Live in a year-round tourism destination (45%)





PERCEPTIONS OF LOCAL AREA AS TOURISM DESTINATION

Around a third of Scotland residents feel that the area they live in is undoubtedly a holiday or short break destination (32%). This rises to 85% for residents of Edinburgh and 69% for residents of the Highlands and Islands.



32%

Area is undoubtedly a holiday or short break destination



33%

Area is visited for holidays and short breaks by some people



31%

Area is not really a destination visited for holidays or short breaks

PERCEPTIONS OF THE STRENGTH OF APPEAL OF THE LOCAL AREA

Just over a third of Scotland residents feel that the area they live in has year round tourist appeal (34%). This is especially the case in Edinburgh (74%), the Highlands & Islands (52%) and the South of Scotland (51%).



34%

Area has year round appeal for tourists



18%

Area is a seasonal destination



17%

Area popular with tourists only when events are held



32%

Not an area popular with tourists at all

PERCEPTION OF AREAS MAIN TOURIST ATTRACTION

When asked to choose the one thing that they would describe as the main tourism attraction of their local area, Scotland residents illustrate the breadth of tourism product that they identify with.





IN 'TOURISM AREAS', THERE IS A FEELING THAT TOO FEW VISITORS HAVE BEEN AROUND SINCE THE PANDEMIC - PERHAPS SUGGESTING GREATER APPRECIATION OF THE IMPORTANCE OF **TOURISM TO THESE LOCAL COMMUNITIES**



WHEN COMPARING 2021 TO PRE-PANDEMIC, THERE HAS BEEN A **CLEAR SHIFT IN MOST AREAS AWAY FROM 'TOO MANY TOURISTS'** TO 'TOO FEW TOURISTS'

	* Tourism balance: Too many tourists minus too few tourists	
	Pre-pandemic	Since the pandemic
OVERALL	+12%	-7%
'Definitely a tourism area'	+31%	+4%
'A tourist area for some'	-6%	-17%
Year round destination	+9%	-3%
Seasonal destination	+9%	+5%
Only when events	+2%	-18%

The greater the positive percentage, the more the balance is towards 'too many tourists' The greater the negative percentage, the more the balance is towards 'too few tourists'



THE POSITIVES AND NEGATIVES OF TOURISM AT THE LOCAL LEVEL

LOCAL COMMUNITY BENEFITS FROM TOURISM PRIMARILY CENTRE AROUND ITS IMPACT ON THE LOCAL ECONOMY



Respondents living in tourism areas were presented with 9 potential benefits from tourists who visited their area and asked for their level of agreement or disagreement with each on a scale of 1-10. 'Top 4 Box' agreement with each statement:

• It supports a range of other jobs such as food, retail and other services	84%
• It improves the local economy and helps generate economic growth in the area	81%
It creates / increases local employment opportunities	79%
• It helps to sustain historic buildings and monuments in the area	76%
• It leads to events being held and other activities that residents can enjoy	71%
• It improves local investment, development, & infrastructure spending in area	69%
• It provides an opportunity to meet visitors spending time in my local area	67%
• It increases the availability of local arts and cultural opportunities	67%
Because of tourism there are more public transport services available locally	42%

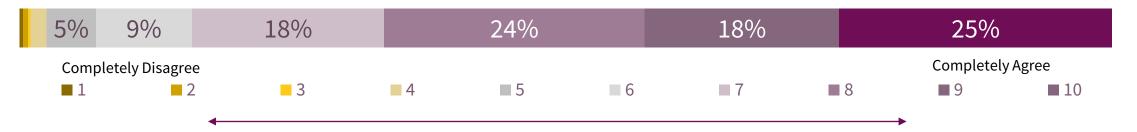
TOURISM'S ABILITY TO SUPPORT JOBS IN OTHER SECTORS WITHIN THE COMMUNITY WAS THE MAIN BENEFIT IDENTIFIED



"Tourism supports a range of other jobs such as food, retail and other services"

Top 4 Box

84%



Top 4 Box Benefits – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

• Empty Nesters (88%)

Type of Location:

• Live in an all year round tourism destination (88%)

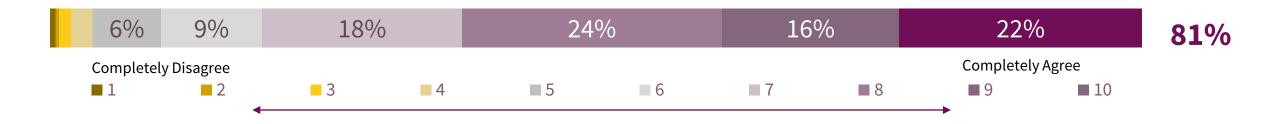


THE ABILITY OF TOURISM TO GENERATE ECONOMIC GROWTH IN THE COMMUNITY WAS RECOGNISED BY FOUR IN FIVE



"Tourism improves the local economy and helps generate economic growth in the area"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box Benefits – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

• Empty Nesters (82%)

- Live in an all year round tourism destination (84%)
- Live in an are popular with tourists for specific events (82%)

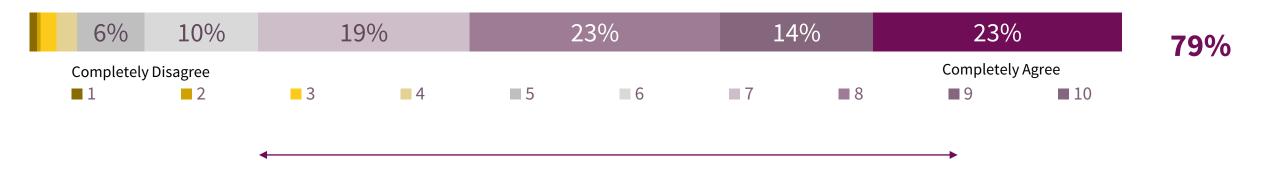


FOUR IN FIVE RECOGNISE THE LOCAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES GENERATED BY TOURISM



"Tourism creates / increases local employment opportunities"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box Benefits – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

• Empty Nesters (84%)

Type of Location:

• Live in an all year round tourism destination (83%)

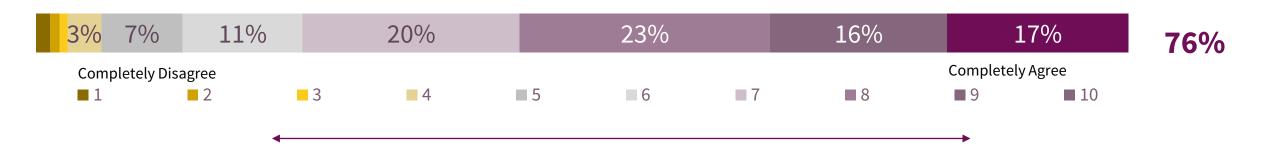


THE ROLE PLAYED BY TOURISM IN SUSTAINING THE BUILT HERITAGE IS RECOGNISED BY THREE QUARTERS



Top 4 Box

"Tourism helps to sustain historic buildings and monuments in the area"



Top 4 Box Benefits – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

• Families (79%)

- Live in an area popular with tourists for specific events (83%)
 - Live in an all year round tourism destination (77%)

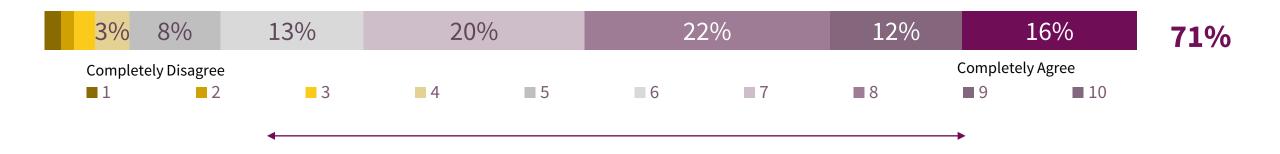


SEVEN IN TEN SEE THE BENEFITS FROM EVENTS AND OTHER ACTIVITIES THAT WOULD NOT HAPPEN WITHOUT TOURISM



Top 4 Box

"Tourism leads to events being held and other activities that residents can enjoy"



Top 4 Box Benefits - Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Families (75%)
- Young Independents (74%)

- Live in an area popular with tourists for specific events (77%)
 - Live in an all year round tourism destination (74%)

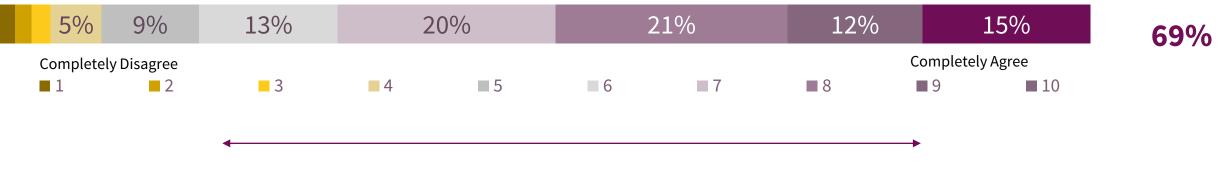


INCREASED INVESTMENT AND DEVELOPMENT ARISING FROM TOURISM IS RECOGNISED BY SEVEN IN TEN



"Tourism improves local investment, development, and infrastructure spending in the area"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box Benefits - Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

• Families (75%)

Type of Location:

• Live in an area popular with tourists for specific events (79%)

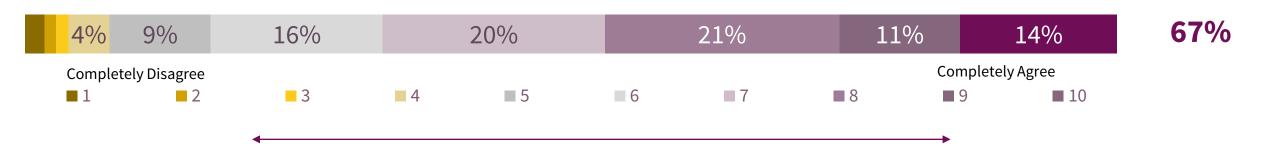


TWO THIRDS ALSO FEEL THAT TOURISM INCREASES ARTS AND CULTURAL OPPORTUNITIES IN THEIR AREA



Top 4 Box

"Tourism increases the availability of local arts and cultural opportunities"



Top 4 Box Benefits – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Families (71%)
- Young Independents (70%)

Type of Location:

• Live in an all year round tourism destination (72%)

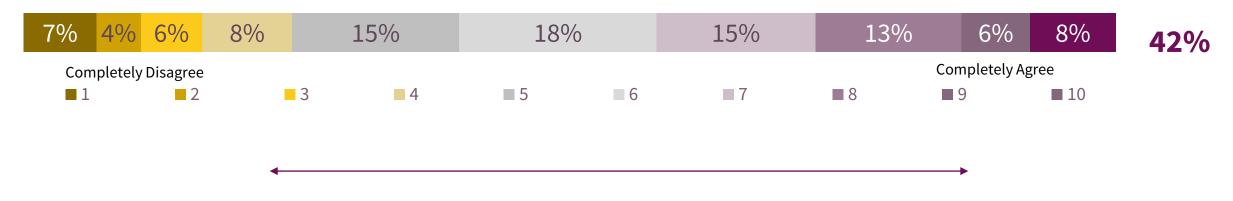


THERE IS MUCH LOWER SUPPORT FOR THE SUGGESTION THAT TOURISM IMPROVES LOCAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT



Top 4 Box

"Because of tourism there are more public transport services available locally"



Top 4 Box Benefits – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Families (56%)
- Young Independents (49%)

- Live in an area popular with tourists for specific events (50%)
 - Live in an all year round tourism destination (45%)

THE MAIN DISADVANTAGE ASSOCIATED WITH TOURISM BY LOCAL COMMUNITIES WAS TRAFFIC CONGESTION AND DELAYS



Respondents living in what they defined as tourism areas were presented with 7 potential disadvantages arising from tourists who visited their area and asked for their level of agreement or disagreement with each on a scale of 1-10. the chart below shows 'Top 4 Box' agreement with each statement

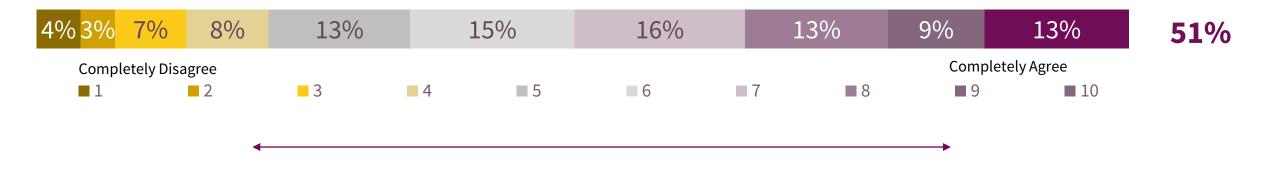
•	It adds to the amount of traffic on the roads and results in congestion and delays	51 %
•	It limits parking spaces available for local people	43%
•	It increases prices for many local services and amenities	43%
•	It is harmful to the natural environment in parts of my local area	34%
•	There are too many visitors in my local area which lead to it being too busy at certain times	33%
•	It increases demand for local historical & cultural attractions making them less available for locals	28%
•	It reduces the ability of locals to access local services and facilities	28%

THE MAIN DISADVANTAGE ARISING FROM TOURISM IN LOCAL COMMUNITIES IS INCREASED TRAFFIC AND CONGESTION



"Tourism adds to the amount of traffic on the roads and results in congestion and delays"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box Disadvantages – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Young Independents (55%)
 - Families (52%)

Type of Location:

- Live in an all year round tourism destination (54%)
 - Live in a seasonal destination (53%)

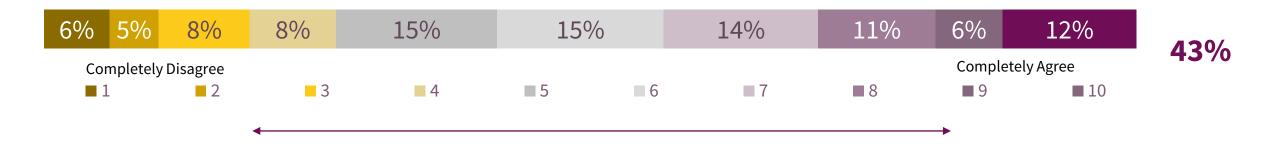


LINKED TO INCREASED TRAFFIC, 43% FEEL THAT CAR PARKING IS AVAILABILITY IS ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY TOURISM



"Tourism limits parking spaces available for local people"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box Disadvantages – Highest levels of Agreement:

Life stage:

-

- Young Independents (54%)
 - Families (51%)
- Older Independents (44%)

Type of Location:

• Live in a seasonal destination (47%)

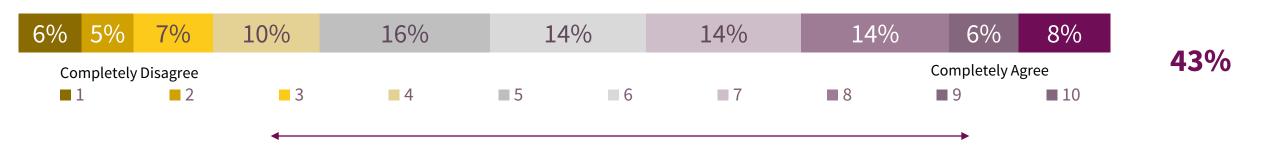


THE IMPACT OF TOURISM ON THE PRICES OF LOCAL AMENITIES AND SERVICES IS HIGHEST AMONGST EDINBURGH RESIDENTS



"Tourism increases prices for many local services and amenities"

Top 4 Box



Top 4 Box Disadvantages – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Families (48%)
- Young Independents (48%)
- Older Independents (45%)

Type of Location:

• Live in an all year round tourism destination (45%)

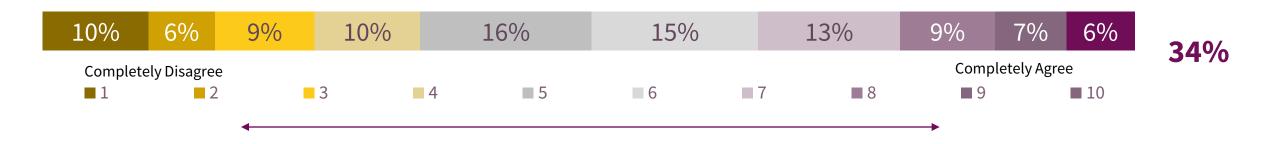


PERCEIVED NEGATIVE IMPACTS OF TOURISM ON THE ENVIRONMENT ARE RECOGNISED BY JUST OVER A THIRD OF SCOTS



Top 4 Box

"Tourism is harmful to the natural environment in parts of my local area"



Top 4 Box Disadvantages - Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Young Independents (44%)
- Older Independents (35%)

Type of Location:

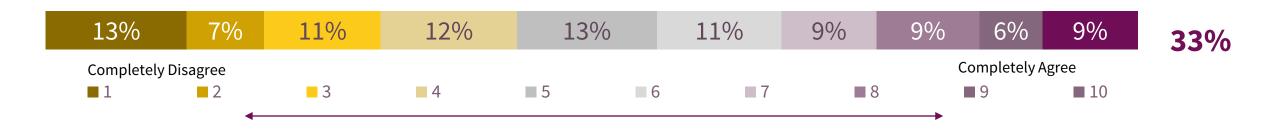
• Live in an all year round tourism destination (38%)



A THIRD FEEL THAT TOURISTS RESULT IN THEIR AREA BEING TOO BUSY AT CERTAIN TIMES



"There are too many visitors in my local area which lead to it being too busy at Top 4 Box certain times"



Top 4 Box Disadvantages - Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Young Independents (41%)
 - Families (38%)
- Older Independents (34%)

Type of Location

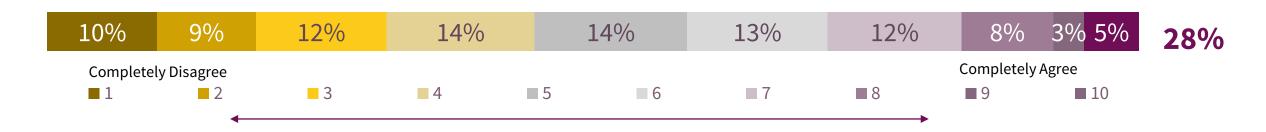
• Live in an all year round tourism destination (39%)



JUST UNDER THREE IN TEN FEEL THAT THE INCREASED TOURISM DEMAND FOR KEY ATTRACTIONS MAKES THEM LESS AVAILABLE TO LOCALS



"Tourism increases demand for local historical and cultural attractions making Top 4 Box them less available for locals"



Top 4 Box Disadvantages – Highest levels of Agreement:

Life stage:

- -\(\overline{\pi} \)
- Young Independents (36%)
 - Families (33%)
- Older Independents (30%)

Type of Location:

- Live in a seasonal tourism destination (29%)
- Live in an all year round tourism destination (29%)

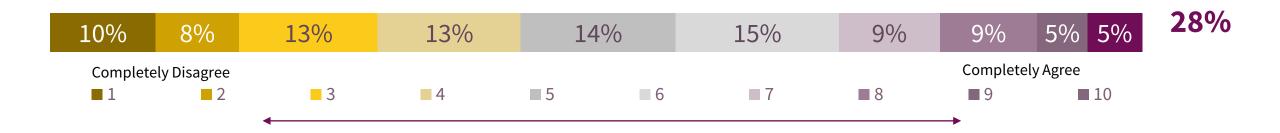


AGAIN, JUST UNDER THREE IN TEN FEEL THAT TOURISM MAKES IT HARDER FOR LOCALS TO ACCESS SERVICES AND AMENITIES



Top 4 Box

"Tourism reduces the ability of locals to access local services and facilities"



Top 4 Box Disadvantages – Highest levels of Agreement:



Life stage:

- Young Independents (39%)
 - Families (34%)

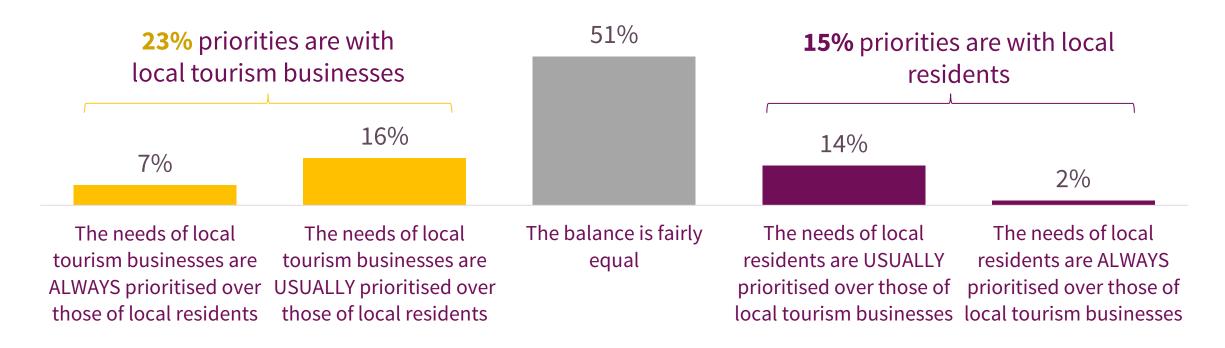
Type of Location:

 Live in an all year round tourism destination (30%)



AMONGST RESIDENTS OF AREAS POPULAR WITH TOURISTS, 51% FELT THE BALANCE OF PRIORITIES WAS FAIRLY EQUAL

Some 23% felt it was more skewed towards tourism businesses and 15% felt it was more skewed towards local residents – a net of 8% towards businesses.

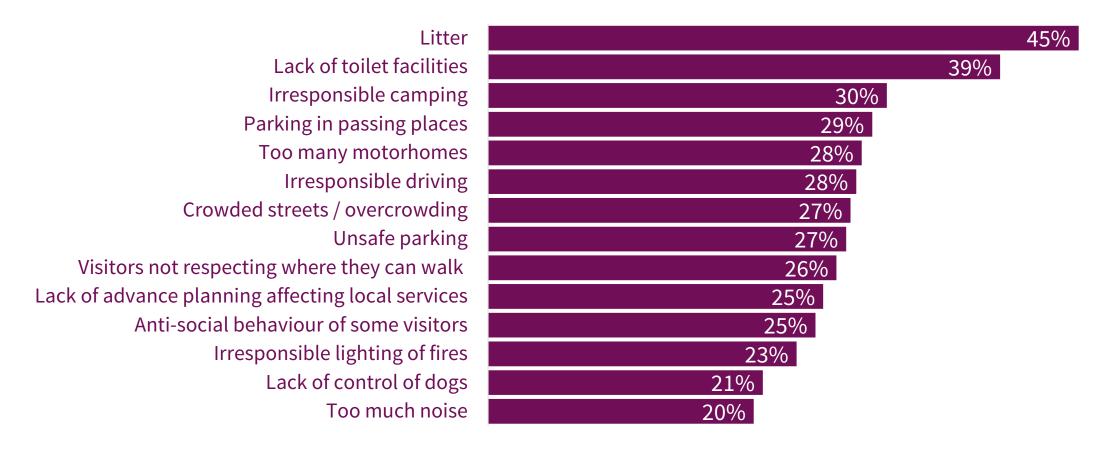


Overall, the balance is 8% towards local tourism businesses being prioritised over local residents



LITTER AND LACK OF TOILET FACILITIES ARE THE MOST FREQUENTLY MENTIONED ISSUES RAISED BY RESIDENTS WHICH THEY ATTRIBUTE TO TOURISTS/VISITORS

Respondents living in tourism areas were presented with 14 potential problems arising from tourists who visited their area and asked to rate the extent to which each was a problem caused by visitors and tourists on a scale of 1-10. the chart below shows 'Top 4 Box' agreement – a major problem arising from tourists



RECOGNISING THAT ALL OF THESE ISSUES ARE NOT NECESSARILY DOWN TO VISITORS ALONE, JUST UNDER HALF BLAMED INCREASED LITTER ON LOCALS WHILST 2 IN 5 CITED ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR BY LOCALS AS A PROBLEM

Respondents living in tourism areas were presented with 11 potential problems arising from locals from their area and asked to rate the extent to which each was a problem caused by locals on a scale of 1-10. the chart below shows 'Top 4 Box' agreement – a major problem arising from locals





SEVERAL OF THE ISSUES WHICH HAVE BEEN PRESENT IN LOCAL COMMUNITIES IN 2021 ARE MORE A RESULT OF BAD BEHAVIOUR OF SOME LOCALS MORE THAN VISITORS TO THE AREA

Litter problems are the biggest issue but they are attributed equally to locals and visitors (described as a major problem by 45% in each case).

Problems more attributed to LOCALS:

- Anti-social behaviour
- Irresponsible driving
- Lack of dog control
- Unsafe parking
- Too much noise

Problems more attributed to VISITORS:

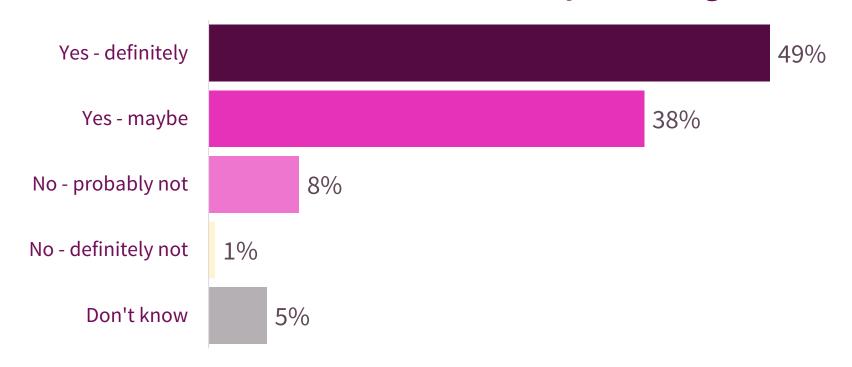
- Lack of toilet facilities
- Irresponsible camping
- Parking in passing places
- Too many motorhomes
- Crowded streets



ALMOST NINE IN TEN BELIEVE THAT TOURISM WILL HELP LOCAL RECOVERY FROM COVID

Some 87% of those living in tourist areas believe that tourism will aid recovery following Covid. Only 9% do not think that will be the case.

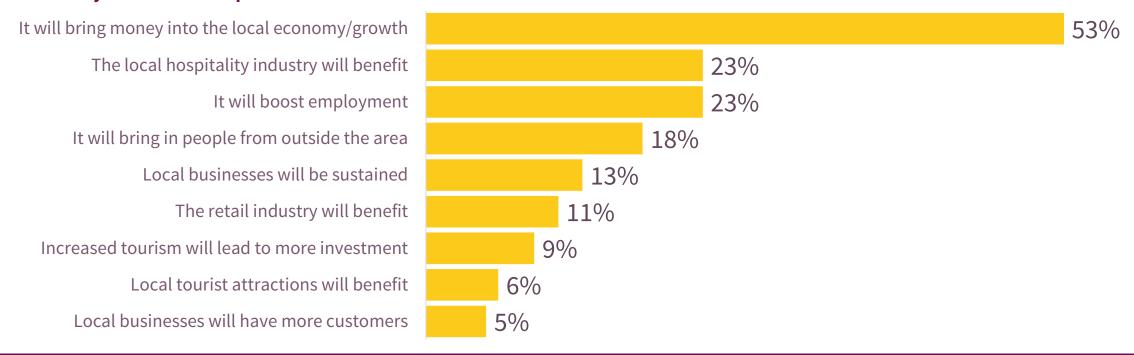
Positive role for tourism in local area recovery following Covid?



TOURISM WILL HELP LOCAL RECOVERY MOST IN TERMS OF ECONOMIC GROWTH

Amongst those who thought there was a role for tourism in local area recovery, over half of them cite the money and growth it can bring to the local economy (53%) whilst just under a quarter feel that it will help the hospitality sector specifically (23%) and that it will boost employment (23%)

These are grouped themes from verbatims provided by respondents – some 587 provided comments In what way will tourism help?





AWARENESS OF VISITSCOTLAND AMONGST SCOTTISH RESIDENTS IS VERY HIGH



Have you heard of the national tourist board for Scotland, VisitScotland?

By Holiday Taking Behaviour

- Regular holiday takers in Scotland (95%)
- Occasional holidays in Scotland (92%)
- Lapsed holidays in Scotland (89%)
- Never taken a Scottish holiday (75%) (see appendix for descriptions)

By Life stage:

- Empty Nesters (93%)
- Older Independents (93%)
- Families (87%)
- Young Independents (83%)

Nine in ten residents are aware of VisitScotland and awareness increases as we climb the Loyalty Ladder. It is also higher amongst older residents and lower amongst Young Independents.

TWO KEY ROLES ARE RECOGNISED BY ALMOST 9 IN 10 SCOTS, ENCOURAGING VISITS TO SCOTLAND FROM HOME AND ABROAD. OVER 4 IN 5 ALSO BELIEVE THAT VISITSCOTLAND HELPS TOURISM BUSINESSES TO GROW





SUMMARY - HEADLINE ATTITUDES TO TOURISM IN SCOTLAND



87%

rate tourism as 7-10/10 in terms of importance to the Scottish economy – number one across all industries



94%

view the Scottish tourism industry positively



87%

agree that tourism helps Scotland develop a positive reputation overseas



77%

feel that tourism adds to the vitality of Scotland's communities

SUMMARY - HEADLINE ATTITUDES TO TOURISM IN LOCAL AREAS



84%

agree that locally, tourism supports jobs in food, retail and other sectors



81%

think tourism improves the local economy and generates economic growth



51%

believe tourism increases local traffic congestion and delays



43%

feel that tourism limits parking spaces and increases prices locally – to the detriment of locals

APPENDIX: DEFINITION OF TERMS USED

Regular holiday takers: Prior to the pandemic, I <u>often</u> took short breaks or holidays in Scotland at least once every 6 months

Occasional: Prior to the pandemic, I **sometimes** took short breaks or holidays in Scotland at least once every couple of years

Lapsed: I have taken a short break or holiday in Scotland once or twice before but not in the 5 years prior to the pandemic

Rejector: Pre-pandemic I have <u>never been</u> on a short break or holiday in Scotland

Young independents: aged 18-35 with no children in the household

Older independents: aged 35-54 with no children in the household

Empty nesters: aged 55 and over with no children in the household



THANK YOU

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